

```
> with(ListTools):
K:=array(1..18, [2478, 2188, 1888, 1616, 1386, 1188, 1002, 824, 755, 658,
573, 500, 446, 360, 330, 269, 265, 243]);
```

Warning, the assigned name Group now has a global binding

```
K := [2478, 2188, 1888, 1616, 1386, 1188, 1002, 824, 755, 658, 573, 500, 446, 360, 330, 269, 265, 243]
```

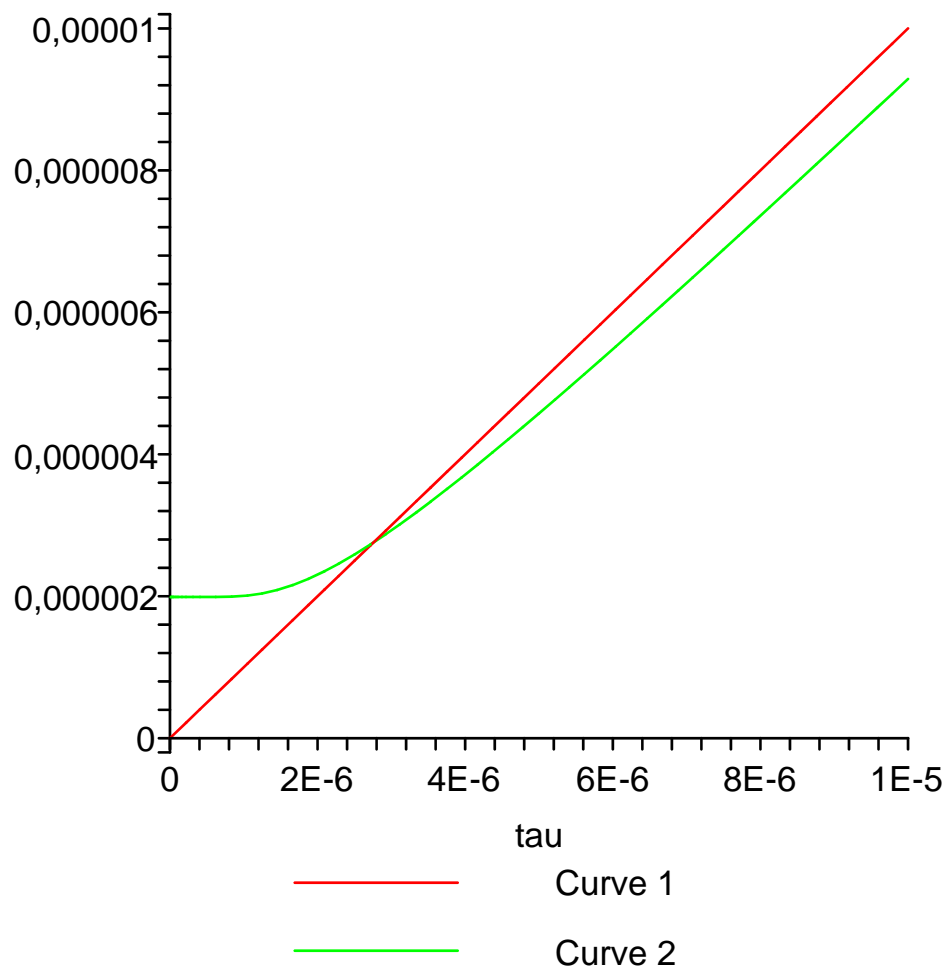
```
> rechts:=(1/sum(K[i],
i=1..N)*sum(K[i]*t[i],i=1..N)+(T*exp(-T/tau))/(1-exp(-T/tau)));
```

$$rechts := \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N K_i t_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N K_i} + \frac{T e^{\left(-\frac{T}{\tau}\right)}}{1 - e^{\left(-\frac{T}{\tau}\right)}}$$

```
> Werte:=[KS=2, KE=19, k=333.3e-9]:
Werte:=Flatten([Werte, eval([N=1+KE-KS, T=k*(1+KE - KS)], Werte)]):
Werte:=Flatten([Werte, eval([t=[seq((i)*k,i=1..eval(N, Werte))]],
Werte)]) ;
```

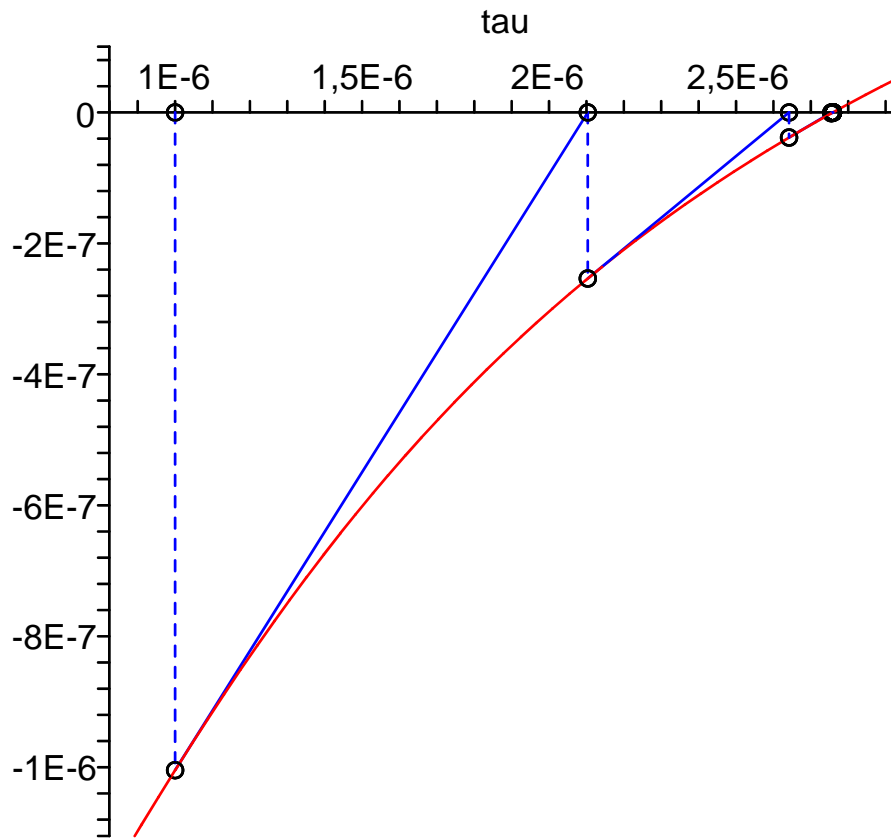
```
Werte := [KS = 2, KE = 19, k = 3.333 10-7, N = 18, T = 0.0000059994, t = [3.333 10-7, 6.666 10-7, 9.999 10-7,
0.0000013332, 0.0000016665, 0.0000019998, 0.0000023331, 0.0000026664, 0.0000029997,
0.0000033330, 0.0000036663, 0.0000039996, 0.0000043329, 0.0000046662, 0.0000049995,
0.0000053328, 0.0000056661, 0.0000059994]]
```

```
> plot([
tau,
eval(rechts, Werte)
], tau=0..1e-5);
```



```
> Student[Calculus1][NewtonsMethod](tau-eval(rechts, Werte), tau=1e-6, output
= plot, iterations = 20 );
tau=Student[Calculus1][NewtonsMethod](tau-eval(rechts, Werte), tau=1e-6,
iterations = 20 );
```

20 Iterations of Newton's Method Applied to
 $f(\tau) = \tau - .1989605958e-5 - .59994e-5 \cdot \exp(-.59994e-5/\tau) / (1 - \exp(-.59994e-5/\tau))$
 with Initial Point $\tau = .1e-5$



$$\tau = 0.000002758976536$$

```
> Fehler:=2*sigma=2*sqrt(sum(K[i]*t[i]^2,i=1..N))/sum(K[i],i=1..N);
eval(Fehler, Werte);
```

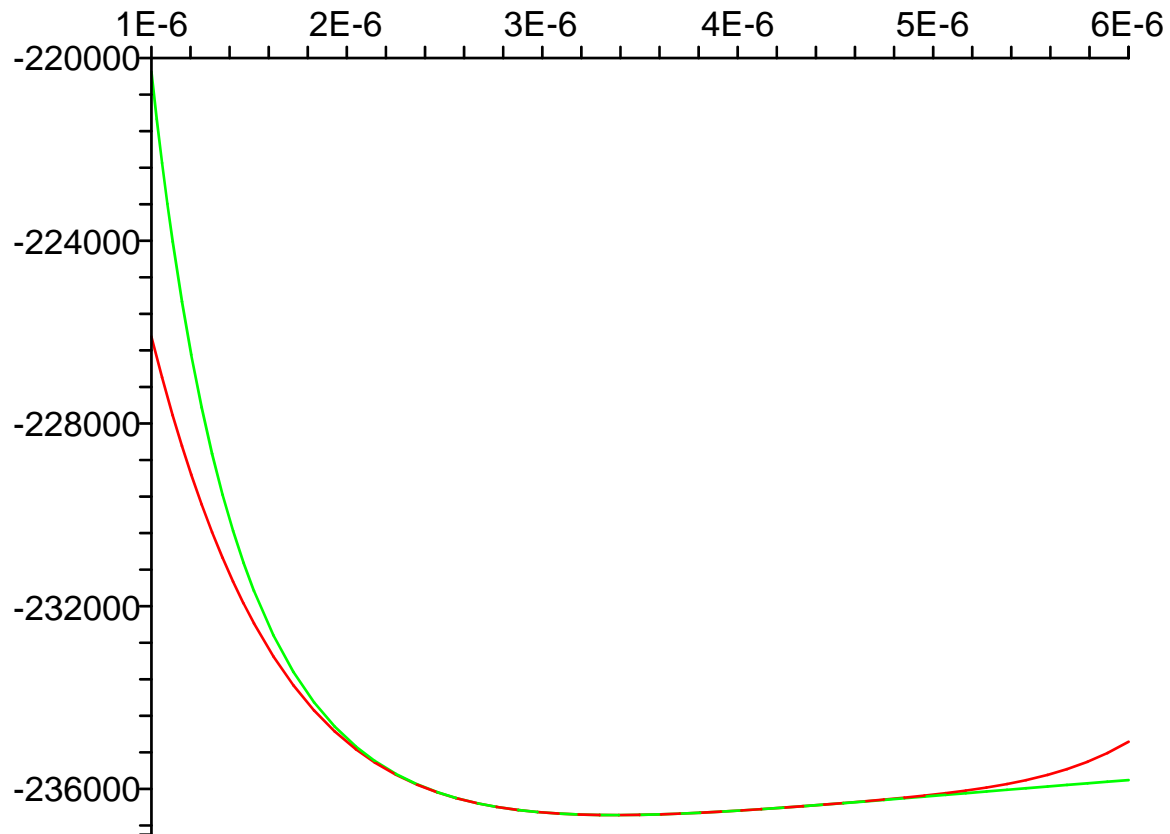
$$Fehler := 2\sigma = \frac{2\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^N K_i t_i^2}}{\sum_{i=1}^N K_i}$$

$$2\sigma = 3.820768508 \cdot 10^{-8}$$

```
> # 3. Anwendung der Likelihoodmethode auf die Poissonverteilung
f:=tau->-2*sum(K[i]*ln(int(1/tau*sum(K[j],j=1..N)/(1-exp(-N*k/tau))*exp(-
/tau),t=t[i]..t[i]+k)),i=1..N);
plot(eval([f_taylor(tau), f(tau)],Werte),tau=1e-6..6e-6, -220e3..-237e3);
```

$$f := \tau \rightarrow -2 \left(\sum_{i=1}^N K_i \ln \left(\frac{\int_{t_i}^{t_i+k} \left(\sum_{j=1}^N K_j \right) e^{\left(-\frac{t}{\tau} \right)} dt}{\tau \left(1 - e^{\left(-\frac{N k}{\tau} \right)} \right)} \right) \right)$$

tau



— Curve 1
— Curve 2

```
> taylor(eval(f(tau), Werte), tau=3.5e-6, 7);
-2.365673416 105 + 7.85363732 107 (tau - 0.0000035) + 2.711225430 1014 (tau - 0.0000035)2
- 1.537581854 1020 (tau - 0.0000035)3 + 6.325697527 1025 (tau - 0.0000035)4
- 2.283363405 1031 (tau - 0.0000035)5 + 7.659923486 1036 (tau - 0.0000035)6 + O((tau - 0.0000035)7)

> # von oben abgeschrieben
f_taylor:=tau->-236567.3416+78536373.2*(tau-0.35e-5)+0.2711225430e15*(tau
```

```
0.35e-5)^2-0.1537581854e21*(tau-0.35e-5)^3+0.6325697527e26*(tau-0.35e-5)^4-0.2283363405e32*(tau-0.35e-5)^5+0.7659923486e37*(tau-0.35e-5)^6:
```

```
> # find Minimum
with(Optimization):tau_minimal:=NLPSolve(eval(f(tau),Werte),
tau=1e-6..6e-6, initialpoint=[tau=2e-6]);
solve(f_taylor(tau)=tau_minimal[1]+1); # ohne Taylor leider kein Ergebnis
```

```
tau_minimal := [-2.36572610329328076 105, [τ = 0.00000336778267315261830]]
```

```
0.000003047643051 - 0.000002554404931 I, 0.000003047643051 + 0.000002554404931 I,
0.000003316852060, 0.000003425833826, 0.000005571474981 - 0.000001343651059 I,
0.000005571474981 + 0.000001343651059 I
```

```
> #die reellen Lösungen herauspicken
delta_tau:=max(abs(0.3316852060e-5-0.336778267315261830e-5),
abs(0.3425833826e-5-0.336778267315261830e-5));
```

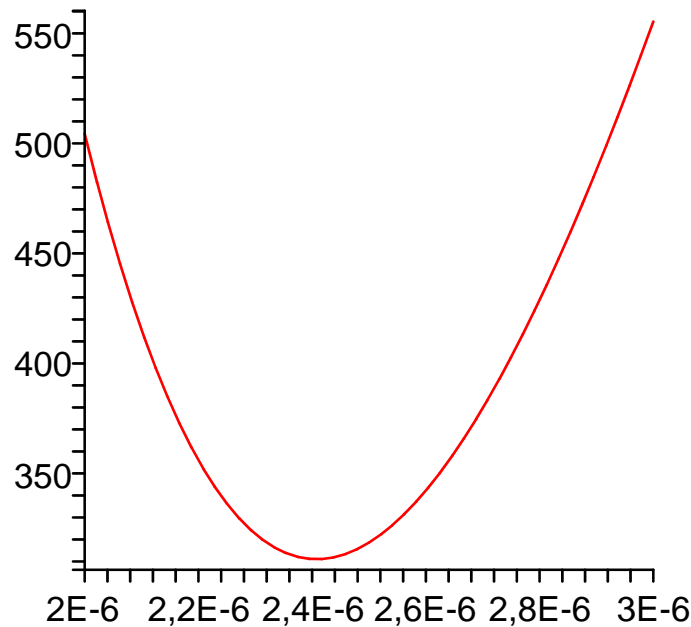
```
delta_tau = 5.8051153 10-8
```

```
> # Anwendung der Likelihoodmethode auf die Gaußverteilung
xi_sqare:=tau->sum((K[i]-int(1/tau*sum(K[j],j=1..N)/(1-exp(-N*k/tau))*exp
-t/tau),t=t[i]..t[i]+k))^2/K[i],i=1..N);
```

$$xi_sqare := \tau \rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\left(K_i - \int_{t_i}^{t_i+k} \frac{\sum_{j=1}^N K_j e^{\left(-\frac{t}{\tau}\right)} dt}{\tau \left(1 - e^{\left(-\frac{Nk}{\tau}\right)} \right)} \right)^2}{K_i}$$

```
> plot(eval(xi_sqare(tau), Werte), tau=2e-6..3e-6);
```

```
>
```



Curve 1

```
> NLPsolve(eval(xi_squre(tau), Werte), tau=2e-6..3e-6);
[311.081990095164144, [τ = 0.00000239999999999999990]]
```

```
> solve(eval(xi_squre(tau), Werte)=311.081990095164144+1);
2.743743525 10-9 + 1.123282330 10-7 I, 2.743743525 10-9 - 1.123282330 10-7 I,
3.198554675 10-9 + 1.192966065 10-7 I, 3.198554675 10-9 - 1.192966065 10-7 I,
3.403358764 10-9 + 1.271984417 10-7 I, 3.403358764 10-9 - 1.271984417 10-7 I,
3.895915923 10-9 + 1.364248382 10-7 I, 3.895915923 10-9 - 1.364248382 10-7 I,
4.769602394 10-9 + 1.461929111 10-7 I, 4.769602394 10-9 - 1.461929111 10-7 I,
5.115455493 10-9 + 1.592575608 10-7 I, 5.115455493 10-9 - 1.592575608 10-7 I,
7.248564195 10-9 + 1.726310467 10-7 I, 7.248564195 10-9 - 1.726310467 10-7 I,
7.984436565 10-9 + 1.899181217 10-7 I, 7.984436565 10-9 - 1.899181217 10-7 I,
8.184812104 10-8 + 1.627542551 10-7 I, 8.184812104 10-8 - 1.627542551 10-7 I,
1.338769634 10-8 + 2.128426281 10-7 I, 1.338769634 10-8 - 2.128426281 10-7 I,
1.253885518 10-8 + 2.401544798 10-7 I, 1.253885518 10-8 - 2.401544798 10-7 I,
1.786299276 10-8 + 2.781180209 10-7 I, 1.786299276 10-8 - 2.781180209 10-7 I,
2.039443154 10-8 + 3.175815914 10-7 I, 2.039443154 10-8 - 3.175815914 10-7 I,
3.179608346 10-8 + 3.927486519 10-7 I, 3.179608346 10-8 - 3.927486519 10-7 I,
4.737258429 10-8 + 4.764071154 10-7 I, 4.737258429 10-8 - 4.764071154 10-7 I,
8.686671467 10-8 + 6.635515986 10-7 I, 8.686671467 10-8 - 6.635515986 10-7 I,
2.072529812 10-7 + 9.512579273 10-7 I, 2.072529812 10-7 - 9.512579273 10-7 I, 0.000002441899465,
0.000002374518952
```

```
> #die reellen Lösungen herauspicken
```

```
delta_tau=max(abs(0.2374518952e-5-0.23999999999999990e-5),  
abs(0.2441899465e-5-0.23999999999999990e-5));
```

delta_tau = 4.1899465 10⁻⁸

```
>
```